

KOMEI

Made from the pure juice of the Grapes Fruit.

Carbonated only by the

**CONSOLIDATED
SODA WATER WORKS CO.,
LIMITED.**

601 Fort St. Phone Main 71
Island Orders Solicited.

CHANGE OF WINDOW DISPLAYS.

Last week you saw our large window filled with refrigerators and ice boxes, of all sizes.

This week you can see, in their place, several hundred useful articles for your home.

Last week, in the small window, you were attracted by a pretty display of beautiful articles in cut-glass, art pottery, fine china, and sterling silver.

This week you will find a display of piano, banquet and table lamps, at very reasonable prices.

When we advertised that we would take old stoves in part payment for new, you were surprised to find that although you thought your old stove was worthless, yet we made you an allowance, and removed it from your premises.

You found that the work we did for you in connecting the boiler to your new stove, was very satisfactory.

You never could get hot water as quick before, with as little fuel.

You are finding out day by day that we are not holding out promises or inducements to our customers that are not bona fide.

You found, by actual experience, that the refrigerator you purchased from us used less ice than your old one. (This is a cold fact.)

That dinner set that you purchased looks just lovely on the table, and is admired by all your friends, and how comforting it is to know that you can replace any breakage from our stock.

The rubber hose that you purchased from us under a guarantee, gives you no worry.

You know that you will not have to purchase another one for a year, at least.

Those cut-glass tumblers, at \$3.50 per dozen, that we persuaded you to buy, in place of the blown tumblers, at \$1.00, are proving a good investment, and what a superior shape they are to what you have been using.

If you will spend a little time in our store, when you are down town, we will show you a great many articles that are good investments.

W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Crockery, Glass and Housefurnishing Goods, 55-57 57 King St.

Sole agents, in the Hawaiian Territory, for Jewel Stoves, for either coal or wood; Puritan Blue Flame Oil Stoves, Gurney Cleanable Refrigerators, United States Cream Separators (the best on earth), and the Challenge and Dandy Windmills.

List of Locomotives, Cane Cars and Portable Track For Sale by The Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company.

Two BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVES, 24" gauge, 6 wheels connected, 6 feet 2" wheel base, 30" wheels, cylinders 10" x 14", slide pump and injector, weight 12 tons, 8-wheel tenders, 1,300-gallon tanks.

Fifty SPARE TUBES, spare pistons, rings and stems, hangers, springs, shoes and wedges, injector, oil cups, etc., etc.

One BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE, 24" gauge, four 22" drivers, 40" wheel base, single pony truck in rear, weight 12 tons, 4-wheel tender, 800-gallon tank, cylinders 7" x 10", 2 headlights, also fitted with saddle tank.

One spare SMOKESTACK, spare hangers, springs, pistons, shoes and wedges, etc.

Four hundred CANE CARS.

Twenty-five FLAT CARS for hauling railroad iron.

Five miles of 12-pound PORTABLE TRACK, with steel sleepers of the Fowler patent.

Five to ten miles of 12-pound PERMANENT TRACK, together with flat plates. No bolts or spikes for same.

This whole outfit is a 2-foot gauge, and practically in good working order. The cars have a capacity of 1 to 4 tons of cane.

The reason for selling same is on account of increasing the gauge of roads, consequently necessitating new rolling stock.

Prices for same can be had of Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd., Honolulu, or the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company, Spreckelsville, Maui.

Goods will be delivered F. O. B., Kahului wharf, Maui.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA.

"Some years ago while at Martinsburg, W. Va., I was taken with cholera morbus, which was followed by diarrhoea. The doctor's medicine did me no good. I was advised to get a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I did, and it cured me sound and well."—G. A. Morris, Embreeville, Pa., U. S. A. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Beeson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii Territory.

OKOLEHAO DISTILLER CAPTURED

Complete Plant is Found in Full Blast.

(From Monday's daily.)

LITTLE did the residents of the McCully tract on the extension of Young street beyond Colonel Dietz's residence, suspect until yesterday that in their midst, in a tumble down shanty, which all avoided merely because it was so rickety, a distiller of okolehao mysteriously brewed the much-prized white liquor, and that while they slept peacefully, this wily Chinese worked nearly until the dawn of day, watching the trickling of the beverage as it fell drop by drop from the condenser. For weeks the residents have passed and repassed the little old house which almost abuts on the street, and never given it a thought. Those who went by at night saw the glimmer of a fire through the cracks in the rough boarding, but supposed the lone Chinese was cooking a late supper. But the yellow man brewed once too often and he now languishes in a cell at the city prison awaiting his arraignment this morning before Judge Wilcox. Ah How is his name, and it is not the first time he has been discovered converting a bag of sugar, a measure of barley, a bushel of potatoes, and perhaps a little tobacco, into what the natives call okolehao, a liquor almost the color of gin, and for which he receives goodly compensation from those who prize it.

From midnight until almost dawn yesterday morning the tumble-down shanty was watched by the keen eyes of Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth, and his faithful assistant, Ah On, the wily little Chinese detective of the police force. They watched the manner of distilling for two or three hours, and then swooped down upon the unsuspecting man and captured him, his apparatus and about ten gallons of the liquor. Information was received by the Deputy Sheriff late Saturday night that "in the McCully tract, where a row of palms stood, one broken off at the top, a distillery could be found." It was not an easy task to find "a row of palms, one broken off" in the blackness of night, and after leaving the Tramways station on Beretania street, they walked about in unfrequented places and finally located the broken place and a shanty was next to it. Creeping cautiously through the deserted premises and falling into numerous ditches the officers came within touching distance of the place. There was an old one-room building used formerly as servants' quarters. On the makai side of this rickety shack had been built, extending around two sides, the door faced down Young street, and from the glimmer of the fire inside, it was evident that the distilling apparatus was in the opposite end. A padlock secured the door of the main structure. No one was inside the shack when the officers crawled near, but after a wait of an hour, they were rewarded by the sight of a small figure gliding almost noiselessly toward the door of the lean-to. It was the distiller himself, who had returned from his sleeping quarters in a tenement house on Beretania street, not a hundred yards away. Cautiously opening the door he unlocked it closing it tightly after him, and re-locking it.

Through a knot hole the Deputy Sheriff watched the man as he sat down before the distilling apparatus. First of all fresh fuel was placed upon the embers, and soon the interior was lighted up. Resting on an iron frame over the fire was a large can unlike an oversized dinner pail, with the cup on top, and upon this was another can of similar proportions, placed in an inverted position. From the junction of the two a slender spout projected, from which drops of liquid falling into a one-gallon jar beneath could be seen by the Deputy. Occasionally the upper can was removed and from a barrel nearby, supplies of "mash" were procured and emptied into the lower one. The jar was frequently emptied into larger jars of two gallons capacity each. The unsuspecting Chinese at times rolled a cigarette and made himself comfortable in many ways. As the hours wore on the prospective wealth of the distiller grew in proportion, for the product sells at a dollar for a small sized bottle.

About 4 o'clock the deputy sheriff made ready to descend upon the victim of his search. Having had considerable experience in just the same kind of raids, the deputy divined that the distiller had many means of exit other than by the door, and laid his plans accordingly. He suspected that just within the doorway of the shack there was a trap which would baffle him if he attempted entrance in that direction. A low rail fence ran up to the shanty, and there was a chance the man would attempt to make his escape through a small sawed-out square on one side or the other. The deputy therefore straddled the fence, and made ready for action on either side. Ah On was quietly instructed to make a detour, approach the shanty, and throw his weight against the door, to arouse the inmate from cover. As it was raining almost continuously during the entire night, these maneuvers were accomplished without the slightest inkling of them reaching the distiller. The Chinese officer performed his part. There was a heavy thud, quickly followed by loud pounding. The crash of a broken jar inside the shack was heard by the deputy, followed by a small section of the shack being knocked into a banana patch and the distiller, picking out through the opening at the same instant. Before he had a chance to rise to his feet the deputy had made a leap and landed on his prostrate body. There was a short struggle, and in a trice the steel

bracelets were about the Chinese' wrists. He was placed in the care of Ah On, and the deputy then broke in the front door. Just inside he discovered a cistern of water about two feet deep, the board covering having been removed for the special benefit of intruders. Had Chillingworth burst open the door and rushed in, he would probably have fallen and been seriously injured. The distiller was examined, and pronounced one of the most complete outfits ever captured. The tin work was evidently of a Chinese tinmith, who must have been aware of the use to which it would be put. Every detail of the two cans showed cunning contrivances for the saving of the condensed steam arising from the boiling of the mash. Chillingworth thrust his fist into a jar full of the liquor, and then placed a lighted match to his fingers. The liquid took fire and burned dimly. "Number three okolehao—water in it." Another jar was similarly treated. "Number four." This was but little mash left in the barrel, and the distilling was probably to end yesterday had not the police made their appearance too soon.

Upon realizing his predicament, Ah How promptly said to the deputy: "I give you \$200; you let me go. Eh?" "I'm a little deaf," answered the deputy, and the Chinese gave up the argument. Shortly after, while he was in the custody of Ah On, the distiller said: "I give you \$200; you let me go. We go to my sleeping house; I get one Japanese and fetch him here. We stick him sure, eh?"

Ah On smiled broadly and referred the matter to his superior officer, and Ah How waited in vain for an answer. A criminal glance through the broken window into the main shanty disclosed what at first appeared to be an empty and very dirty room. At the suggestion of a newspaper reporter present, the deputy crawled through the window into the room, and after prying around, discovered a small closet, which yielded up a three-gallon jar filled to the brim with distilled liquor, which, under the match test, disclosed the fact that it was "number one," or undiluted okolehao. Beneath the floor the officers found several bundles of firewood carefully concealed from view. The patrol wagon was telephoned for from the Tramways station, and upon its arrival the prisoner and the evidences of his illicit distilling were loaded in, and the raiding party returned to town about 7 o'clock.

The neighbors were much surprised when they learned of the doings which had gone on during the night, and some expressed relief when they knew that the distiller had been routed from their midst. Others stated the same thing, but their looks belied their words. Ah How will have an opportunity this morning to tell Judge Wilcox how he came to be a distiller without a license.

LILUOKALANI OFF FOR WASHINGTON

Queen Liluokalani, accompanied by Miss Myra Heluluhe and Messrs. Aimoku and Aea, departed yesterday for the China, en route to Washington, where she will remain during the winter. The Queen held a levee on the hurricane deck of the vessel and the recipient of a mass of bouquets, leis and wreaths, her favorite hula lei, being quite conspicuous among the floral offerings. A continuous stream of friends came to the dock and went upon the deck to bid the Queen aloha and good-bye, and many of the Hawaiians after kissing her hand left her with tears in their eyes, feeling that the lapse of time may make many changes. Liluokalani was attended during the informal levee by Prince David and Prince Kapihaka and his wife. Delegate Wilcox and Sam Parker were near at hand and introduced Senator Bacon of Georgia and other notables on board the steamer to her, and from the number of introductions the Queen will not lack for friends on the passage up to San Francisco. Judges Humphreys and Gear were also on the steamer to say good-bye to Senator Bacon and the Queen.

Kauai Storms Do Damage.

There has been very rough and stormy weather on Kauai and much rain during the past week. Purser Ferguson of the Hap reports that the steamer James Mace and the small island schooners Malolo, Lady and Ada are all weatherbound at Hanalei. The steamer Makahala was lying at Makahala. The steamer Waiakale lost one boat while she was crossing the channel. A big wave washed over the boat and filled it with water causing it to break loose from the davits from which it was suspended. The boat fell into the sea and it was impossible to rescue it in the rough sea. The Waiakale came up to the Hall at Nawiliwili and got one of the Hall's boats. The Waiakale then went to Hanalei.

The Hall lost an anchor and chain while lying at Nawiliwili. The steamer was lying to taking on passengers and a few packages of small freight, when an enormous wave took hold of the steamer, breaking the anchor chain. Had it not been for the coolness and promptness of the officers, the Hall would have been in a bad way. As it was, it is said by the officers, she would have been on the reef in two minutes more, had steam not been up and the engines ready. During the whole week strong winds and heavy rains have been predominant on the Garden Island. The Hall reports very rough weather and strong east northeasterly winds on crossing the channel.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—With the information so far in the possession of the Marine Hospital Service authorities as to the outbreak of plague in Liverpool, General Wyman said he did not anticipate a widespread epidemic, and that while strict precautions must be taken, the danger of spread of the disease in this country was not excessive.

Health Officer Doty, of New York, wired today that he would have a conference with the Marine Hospital Service officers in New York, and later, report what action they considered necessary.

YALE MEN WANT A PROTEGE

Alumni Will See Army Board Visit All Expenses Paid.

YALE men living here, who have been unable to attend the bi-centenary celebration of their alma mater, but who have had their thoughts turned to the university in a manner which stirred all their love for the old associations, have determined that they will give the advantages they enjoyed to some young men of Hawaii. The project which took form at the Yale banquet at the Moana Hotel recently, contemplates the taking over of the ordinary expenses of some deserving youth during the entire term of his studying at Yale, four years, the money to be raised by pledges among the alumni, and placed in the hands of a trustee who will see about the transmission and payments. It is said by members of the association of the alumni, which was loosely formed for the occasion, that the expense attached to the staying for a year at the university is never less than \$500, which means some economies at that. This amount with some extra allowance, if the youth takes a part of prominence in the class to which he belongs, will be advanced to him.

The difficulty attending the whole matter is the finding of a young man who will take up the work of educating himself by his hard work. The desire of the men engaged in the plan is that the man taken up by the association of alumni shall be Hawaiian, if not in birth at least by intentions, so that what he gains of knowledge may not be lost to the community. The race is not a question which will enter into the matter if the suitable lad is secured. What is wanted is a studious young man, one who will appreciate the work which is to be done by himself, and who is earnestly in the search for a higher education, whether technical or general. The Yale men will do the rest. All they desire is the proper kind of raw material.

To assist in the selection of a worthy youngster Prof. M. M. Scott, of the High School, Dr. Charles Bartlett Dyke, of Kamehameha School and President A. M. Smith, of Oahu College, have been asked to act with the members of the alumni committee in the selection of a suitable youth for the sending to college. The plan now is to have the selection made in time that the special preparation which usually precedes the examinations may not be forgotten. The first young man who will be sent under this benevolent plan of the Yale men, will be a member of the class of 1906, and there is a prospect that if the contributions come in to a greater degree than is now expected, there will be a second youth sent before the term of the first has expired. The idea is not to educate one lad but to keep one student at the university all the time.

The alumni will be represented by a committee to be chosen later, and the hope is that there will be secured a candidate early in the coming year. The committee will make a close investigation of the standing of any candidate and his people, so that there may not be taken up a case where the young man might just as probably have his education anyway. In case the youth selected is one whose parents wish to send away, but have not the means for Yale then the alumni will be called upon to contribute only the difference between the sum that may be allowed from his parents and the figure set as the least upon which a man may live comfortably.

HONOLULU JOINS.

In Paying Tribute to Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

A young man went to a wealthy and successful manufacturer and applied for employment.

"What can you do?" the manufacturer asked, and the young man proceeded to tell of his ability.

"But I don't want to know what you say you can do," the gentleman replied, "let me know what others say you have done; bring me recommendations from people I know and can trust."

It's the same way with the little conqueror and the public; people want to know what has been done. Honolulu people are joining the myriads of others in making public the work of this little modern wonder and what your neighbors say should convince the skeptic. The endorsement of citizens is the proof that goes with every box of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

Mr. W. F. Williams of this city, is a light-house keeper, and he has held this position for the last 30 years. He says: "I was for a number of years, one of that numerous army of people who suffer with their backs. Mine ached and pained me to no small extent, so that I was glad when I heard of a remedy for it, Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. I obtained some of these at the Hollister Drug Co.'s store, and took them. They gave me great relief, and I make this short narration of my experiences for the benefit of others who perhaps do not know that nearly all backache arises from the kidneys, and the best medicine for it is Doan's Backache Kidney Pills."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box, for sale by all druggists; sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

BIG GUNS FOR THE ENTRANCE

Army Board Visit Pearl Harbor's Shores.

(From Monday's daily.)

THE field work of the Fortifications Board is over and the only problem before the members of the commission is how to make up the report which all must sign in time for the departure of the mainland members of the board in the Alameda. The possible sites for batteries have been visited and the locations all decided upon and the pieces which will be urged for each fortification selected.

Yesterday was spent by the Board in finishing up the survey of the Diamond Head locations, the course of the investigations being pushed as far around as Nin, so that the whole of the country at the eastern end of the island might be seen. The defenses there against possible landing parties are matters of easy adjustment, and the points at which guns shall be placed were selected. This it is understood will belong to the second line of defense, and the pieces will be of lighter caliber than those in the main batteries.

Saturday was spent by the members of the Board at Pearl Harbor. The entire situation was gone over thoroughly and the points at which the highest power breech loading rifles manufactured by the government will be placed were selected. These probably will be 14-inch guns. As this is the greatest feature of the project there was little to be learned from the members of the Board concerning the plans which finally were approved. From other military sources however it was learned that the Board will recommend the turret plan, the mounting of the heaviest guns in heavily armored turrets close down to the water line of the shores at both sides of the entrance.

In addition to this there will be lighter batteries which will be of service for close in work in case there should be an attempt to send boats ashore. As well, further along the shore, up to where the entrance to Kalia harbor opens, there will be lighter pieces placed, which will serve the same purpose. The second line will be an important one all around the city, there being locations for such batteries from Koko Head through below Pearl Harbor. All of these selected sites will not be utilized at the present, but the selections have been made so that the scheme for the complete defense may be approved and whatever is done will be done in the carrying out of this comprehensive line of work.

"We have completed the plans on paper for the complete defense of the southern side of this island," said Col. Heuer last evening. "There is nothing to be done by us now except to write our report and this will be done within the next two days, so that we may get away in the Alameda on Wednesday next. We have had a most pleasant stay in that we have been at work every day, and will have to work hard to get through and away this week."

"We went at the task believing that there were many problems here and have found some pleasing work in getting through with them. We have designed a most complete and thorough defense for the south side of the island of Oahu, and this is all that we came here to do. We have been very careful in making our plans and we shall submit our report at an early day, so as to permit time for its consideration before the bill for fortifications is drawn up."

TWICE ATTEMPTED TO TAKE HIS LIFE

With the departure for San Francisco yesterday on the China of Mr. Von Aiken, formerly connected with the clerical force of the Hawaiian Hotel, ends a sad tale of a wrecked career. Through the aid of a church society Mr. Von Aiken, who has been in straitened circumstances since his arrival in Honolulu, was enabled to return to San Francisco where, perhaps, a brighter future may be in store for him. Several weeks since Mr. Von Aiken attempted to end his life by a bullet, but was frustrated by neighboring roomers at the place where he was living. He seemed determined, however, to commit suicide, and plunged into the harbor waters that same night, but was fished out by watchful guardians of the wharves. The man became more despondent than ever after these attempts, and seemed utterly incapable of doing anything for himself financially.

He was reputed to have been quite wealthy a couple of years ago, and upon planning a trip to Alaska, entrusted his estate to his wife, who, it seems, turned everything into cash and eloped. The husband upon his return learned for the first time of the rupture in his domestic affairs, and soon afterward came to Honolulu, where he found employment at the Hawaiian Hotel.

Old Discard Revived.
NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The Berlin correspondent of the London Times and the New York Times says German exasperation at the letters from General Voyron to Count Von Waldersee is fomented by the German press. The Neueste Nachrichten infers that the old French hatred of Germany remains, in spite of its temporary abatement. The Vossische Zeitung says General Voyron's praise of French humanity is a reflection on Germans and a slight on Emperor William's "hundred speeches."

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On and after December 2nd, 1901, at the Office of Charles Williams, Honolulu, Hamakua, Hawaii, may be applied for, under conditions of the Land Act of 1895, for Right of Purchase Leases, and more particularly set forth under Part VII of said Land Act.

The following lots in Paaulo Tract, Hamakua, Hawaii:

No.	Acres	Appraised Value
1	11 54	\$1,350.00
2	11 70	1,750.00
22	11 54.40	1,058.00
27	11 47.90	718.50

For plan and further particulars apply at the office of Charles Williams, Honolulu, Hamakua, Hawaii, or at the Public Land Office, Honolulu.

EDWARD S. BOYD,
Commissioner of Public Lands,
Public Lands Office, October 31st, 1901.
2330 Nov. 5, 8, 12.

TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Treasurer's Office, Honolulu, Oahu.

In re dissolution of the PACIFIC CYCLE & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Whereas, the PACIFIC CYCLE & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, has pursuant to law in such cases made and provided, duly filed in this office, a petition for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by law.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in this office on or before November 16, 1901, and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned, in the Capitol Building, Honolulu, at 12 m. of said day to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

WM. H. WRIGHT,
Treasurer, Territory of Hawaii.
Honolulu, October 13, 1901.

2316—Sept. 17, 24, Oct. 8, 15, 22, 29, Nov. 5, 12.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated January 19, 1898, made by Susan Blake and Alva Blake, her husband, of Lahaina, Maui, to the Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd., a corporation of said Lahaina, and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances, Honolulu, in Liber 174, on pages 306-308, the said Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd., mortgagee, intends to foreclose said mortgage for a breach of conditions therein contained, to wit, the non-payment of interest when due. Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said mortgage described, will be sold at public auction in front of the courthouse at Wailuku, Maui, on Saturday, the 23d day of November, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage is thus described:

1. All that certain parcel of land situated in Kihala in the Kanaheha valley, Lahaina, described in Kuleana 3702, to D. Molo, as appraiser 1, being the same premises conveyed to Mrs. Kapika Walters by deed of D. Punohu, dated October 6, 1881, and recorded in Liber 71, on page 325.
2. That certain piece of land consisting of two taro patches situate in the ahupuaa of Kaimahehe, Lahaina, and being described in deed to Mrs. Kapika Walters from D. Punohu, said deed being above described.

Terms—Cash. Deeds at the expense of purchaser.
PIONEER MILL CO., LTD.,
Mortgagee.
By GEORGE HONS,
Its Attorney.

For further particulars, apply to George Hons, attorney for Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd.
Dated Wailuku, Maui, October 25, 1901.
2325—Oct. 29; Nov. 5, 12, 19.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Toms, of Kapaa, Kauai, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mrs. Ella M. Toms, widow of John Toms, alleging that John Toms, of Kapaa, Kauai, died intestate at Kapaa, Kauai, on the 21st day of September, A. D. 1901, leaving property in the Hawaiian Islands necessary to be administered upon, and praying that letters of administration issue to her.

It is ordered that Tuesday, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. be and hereby is appointed for hearing and motion in the court of this court at Lihue, Kauai, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Dated at Lihue, Kauai, October 26, 1901.
By the Court,
H. D. WISHARD, Clerk.

2328—Oct. 29; Nov. 5, 12.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT William A. Love, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, has this day been admitted as a partner in the partnership heretofore carried on by Frank Halstead and Willard E. Brown, under the firm name of Halstead & Co., doing business of stock and bond brokers, negotiating loans and acting as trustees in said Honolulu.

FRANK HALSTEAD,
WILLARD E. BROWN,
WILLIAM A. LOVE,
Dated Honolulu, Nov. 1, 1901. 6019

Secretary to Taft Commission.

D. R. Williams, secretary to the Taft Civil Commission, was a through passenger on the steamship China, from the Philippines, en route to Washington. His present trip is undertaken for a two-fold purpose—that of taking the annual report of the civil commission to Washington, and also recuperating a constitution that is run down from overwork.